Claims:

- 1. A stabilizer mixture containing
- (A) a sterically hindered amine compound, and
- (B) two different compounds selected from the group consisting of an organic salt of Zn, an inorganic salt of Zn, an organic salt of Mg and an inorganic salt of Mg; the weight ratio of the two different compounds being 1:10 to 10:1; with the provisos that
- (1) the stabilizer mixture is essentially free of perchloric acid, and
- (2) the two compounds in component (B) are different from the combination ZnO and Zn stearate and the combination ZnO and hydrotalcite.
- 2. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1 wherein the sterically hindered amine compound corresponds to a compound containing at least one group of the formula (I) or (II)

in which G is hydrogen or methyl, and

G₁ and G₂, independently of one another, are hydrogen, methyl or together are a substituent =O.

3. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1 wherein the sterically hindered amine compound corresponds to

$$H_{3}C$$
 CH_{3}
 CH_{3}

$$H_{25}C_{12}$$
 O $H_{3}C$ CH_{3} $H_{25}C_{12}$ O $H_{3}C$ CH_{3} $N-CH_{3}$ O $H_{3}C$ CH_{3}

$$H_3C$$
 CH_3
 CH
 $CH_2)_6$
 CH_3
 CH_3

with m_1 being a number from 2 to 50,

with m_4 being a number from 2 to 50,

with m₄ being a number from 2 to 50,

with m_4 being a number from 2 to 50,

with m_{16} being a number from 2 to 50,

with m_{16}^{\star} being a number from 2 to 50,

with m_{17} being a number from 1 to 50,

with m_{19} being a number from 1 to 50,

with m_{19} being a number from 1 to 50,

with m_{19} being a number from 1 to 50,

a product obtainable by reacting an intermediate product, obtained by reaction of a polyamine of the formula (100a-I) with cyanuric chloride, with a compound of the formula (100b-I),

$$H_2N - (CH_2)\frac{1}{3}NH - (CH_2)\frac{1}{2}NH - (CH_2)\frac{1}{3}NH_2$$
 (100a-l)

$$H-N-C_4H_9-n$$
 (100b-I),

 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3C
 H_3
 CH_3

with m₂₁ being a number from 1 to 50,

or

4. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1 wherein

the two different compounds of component (B) are selected from the group consisting of hydrotalcite, dolomite, Zn-hydroxide-carbonate, Mg-hydroxide-carbonate, Zn-oxide, Mg-oxide, Zn-hydroxide, Mg-hydroxide, Zn-stearate, Mg-stearate, Zn-acetylacetonate, Mg-acetylacetonate, Zn-acetate and Mg-acetate.

A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1 wherein the two different compounds in component (B) are
 Mg-stearate and hydrotalcite,
 Zn-stearate and hydrotalcite,
 Mg-stearate and Zn-stearate,
 Zn-stearate and Mg-oxide, or
 Mg-stearate and Mg-hydroxide.

- 6. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1, containing additionally
- (C1) a pigment or
- (C2) an UV absorber or
- (C3) a pigment and an UV absorber.
- 7. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 6 wherein the pigment is titanium dioxide, zinc oxide, carbon black, cadmium sulfide, cadmium selenide, chromium oxide, iron oxide, lead oxide, an azo pigment, an anthraquinone, a phthalocyanine, a tetrachloroisoindolinone, a quinacridone, an isoindoline, a perylene or a pyrrolopyrrole.
- 8. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 6 wherein the UV absorber is a 2-(2'-hydroxyphenyl)benzotriazole, a 2-hydroxybenzophenone, an ester of substituted or unsubstituted benzoic acid, an acrylate, an oxamide, a 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triazine, a monobenzoate of resorcinol or a formamidine.
- 9. A stabilizer mixture according to claim 1 which additionally contains an organic salt of Ca or an inorganic salt of Ca.

- 10. A composition comprising an organic material subject to degradation induced by light, heat or oxidation and a stabilizer mixture according to claim 1; with the proviso that the composition is essentially free of perchloric acid.
- 11. A composition according to claim 10 wherein the organic material is a polyolefin.
- 12. A composition according to claim 10 wherein the organic material is polyethylene, polypropylene, a polyethylene copolymer or a polypropylene copolymer.
- 13. A method for stabilizing an organic material against degradation induced by light, heat or oxidation, which comprises incorporating into the organic material a stabilizer mixture according to claim 1; with the proviso that the organic material is essentially free of perchloric acid.